# TWO-DIMENSIONAL POTENTIALS GENERATING A GIVEN ONE-PARAMETER FAMILY OF ORBITS ON A SURFACE 

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#### Abstract

We say that a potential generates a curve on a surface if a unit mass traces the curve under the action of the potential. We consider the following problem: a one-parameter family of regular curves $f(u, v)=c$ on a surface $\vec{r}(u, v)=\{x(u, v), y(u, v), z(u, v)\}$ is given. We seek two-dimensional potentials of the form $V(u, v)=u^{m} R\left(\frac{v}{u}\right), R$ being an arbitrary $C^{2}$-function, which generate this family of regular curves as trajectories on the above surface. We show that if the given family of orbits satisfies exactly two differential conditions, then such a potential exists and it is determined uniquely. Special cases are also studied and pertinent examples are given for each case. At a second step, if we consider that the "slope function" $\gamma(u, v)=f_{v} / f_{u}$ is homogeneous of zero degree and the components of the metric tensor are homogeneous functions of zero degree too, then a potential of the above form always exists and it is found as a solution of an ordinary second-order O.D.E. Several examples are offered and implications of this study are discussed.


MSC 2000. 70F17, 70M20, 53A05, 35F05, 35G05, 35G20
Key words. Inverse problems, one-parameter family of orbits, 2D Potentials, O.D.Es and P.D.Es.

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Received May 22, 2007

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