

# ON ELLIPTIC PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WITH RANDOM COEFFICIENTS

**Antje Mugler**

*Department of Physical Technology/Computer Sciences, University of Applied Sciences, Zwickau*

**2000 Mathematics Subject Classification.** 35R60, 65N12, 65N30

**Keywords and phrases.** Random partial differential equation, stochastic Galerkin methods, generalized polynomial chaos.

Based on the article [1] we consider elliptic partial differential equations

$$-\nabla \cdot (\kappa \nabla u) = f$$

with homogeneous boundary conditions, where the coefficient  $\kappa$  and the forcing  $f$  are random fields. Under the assumption that there are random variables  $\kappa_{min}$  and  $\kappa_{max}$  such that

$$0 < \kappa_{min} \leq \kappa(x) \leq \kappa_{max} < \infty \quad \text{a.e. and a.s.}$$

we study the existence of a unique solution of a corresponding weak formulation to this boundary value problem involving different ansatz and test function spaces. Furthermore a priori error estimates for the Stochastic Galerkin approximation to the solution based on (generalized) polynomial chaos can be given under some conditions.

## REFERENCES

- [1] J. Galvis, M. Sarkis, *Approximating infinity-dimensional stochastic Darcy's equations without uniform ellipticity*, SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis, **47** (2009), pp. 3624-3651.