

ON A NEW SEQUENCE OF POSITIVE LINEAR OPERATORS ON UNBOUNDED INTERVALS

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As it is well known, the so-called Szász-Mirakjan-Kantorovich operators (introduced by P.L. Butzer in [3]) are defined by setting, for every $n \geq 1$, $f \in L^1([0, +\infty[)$ and $x \geq 0$,

$$K_n(f)(x) := \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} e^{-nx} \frac{(nx)^k}{k!} \left(n \int_{\frac{k}{n}}^{\frac{k+1}{n}} f(t) dt \right).$$

In this talk, we present a modification of Szász-Mirakjan-Kantorovich operators, recently introduced in [2].

Namely, following an idea first developed in [1], after fixing two sequences $(a_n)_{n \geq 1}$ and $(b_n)_{n \geq 1}$ of real numbers such that $0 \leq a_n < b_n \leq 1$ ($n \geq 1$), we consider the positive linear operator defined by setting, for every $f \in L^1([0, +\infty[)$, $x \geq 0$ and $n \geq 1$,

$$C_n(f)(x) := \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} e^{-nx} \frac{(nx)^k}{k!} \left(\frac{n}{b_n - a_n} \int_{\frac{k+a_n}{n}}^{\frac{k+b_n}{n}} f(t) dt \right).$$

We prove that the sequence $(C_n)_{n \geq 1}$ is a positive approximation process in several continuous function spaces as well as in $L^p([0, +\infty[)$ $p \geq 1$; in particular, the C_n 's allow to reconstruct a continuous or an integrable function by means of its mean values on subintervals of $[0, +\infty[$ which do not necessarily constitute a subdivision of $[0, +\infty[$.

Finally, we present some estimates of the rate of convergence with respect to different moduli of smoothness.

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